### Ken Bird, M.D.

Active Transport and Health Status:

A Public Health Needs Assessment

Fresno Council of Governments

August 20, 2014





## Fresno Co. wants you to walk, cycle

'Active transportation' seeks to get you moving.

By George Hostetter The Fresno Bee

Government and civic leaders on Thursday used a new phrase — "active transportation" — to spur an old way of getting around.

The aim is to get people throughout Fresno County to do more walking and bicycling.

More than 20 people met in downtown Fresno for the kick-off meeting of the Regional Active Transportation Plan.

"Active transportation" is bu-

reaucracy's way of describing the art of getting from Point A to Point B on your own power. That typically means hoofing it or hopping on a bicycle.

"We want to give everybody more transportation options," Fresno Council of Governments planner Lindsey Monge-Chargin said after the meeting. "You might decide to walk to a bus stop instead of taking your car to work. And there's the health aspect. If you're walking or bicycling, skateboarding or rollerblading, whatever it might be, you're definitely improving your health."

Everyone at the meeting had a handle on the basics.

The federal and state governments are keen on getting people into the exercise mode. "Active transportation" is their new favorite phrase.

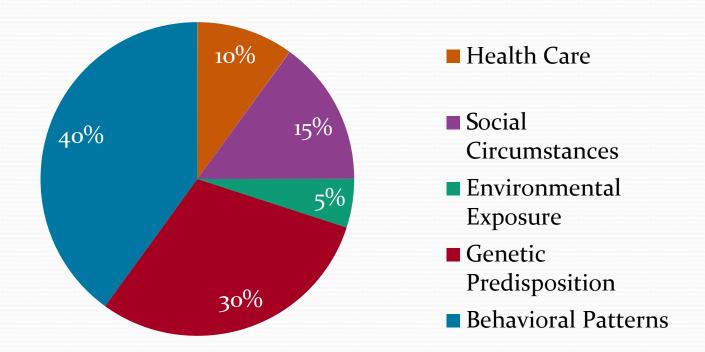
The feds and state have a powerful carrot — planning money for agencies and groups located closer to the people. COG has set aside \$150,000 of its own money to fund the writing of a county-wide active transportation plan. The state is adding another \$150,000.

But it seemed everyone at the meeting also understood the challenge: A plan for who, what, when, where?

See WALKING, Page A11



### **Contributions to Premature Death**



Obesity, diabetes, heart disease, cancer and tobacco-related diseases account for more than 80% of all deaths in California.

What do these have in common?



## County Health Rankings Health Outcomes

<b>Health Outcomes</b>	46						
Length of Life	38						
Premature death	7,010		6,824-7,196	5,317	5,570		
Quality of Life	Quality of Life						
Poor or fair health	23%		21-26%	10%	18%		
Poor physical health days	4.2		3.7-4.6	2.5	3.7		
Poor mental health days	3.7		3.3-4.1	2.4	3.6		
Low birthweight	7.4%		7.3-7.6%	6.0%	6.8%		



#### **Health Factors**

Health Factors					54
Health Behaviors					46
Adult smoking	14%	12-16%	14%	13%	
Adult obesity	29%	27-32%	25%	23%	
Food environment index	6.5		8.7	7.6	
Physical inactivity	20%	18-22%	21%	18%	
Access to exercise opportunities	71%		85%	91%	
Excessive drinking	18%	15-21%	10%	17%	
Alcohol-impaired driving deaths	33%		14%	32%	
Sexually transmitted infections	632		123	443	
Teen births	55	54-56	20	36	
Clinical Care					42
Uninsured	22%	21-24%	11%	20%	
<u>Primary care</u> physicians	1,593:1		1,051:1	1,326:1	
<u>Dentists</u>	1,883:1		1,439:1	1,354:1	
Mental health providers	835:1		536:1	637:1	
Preventable hospital stays	56	54-58	46	50	
Diabetic screening	80%	78-82%	90%	81%	
Mammography screening	59%	57-61%	71%	59%	

### **Health Factors**

Social & Economic Factors						
High school graduation	80%				81%	
Some college	51%		49-52%	70%	61%	
<u>Unemployment</u>	15.2%			4.4%	10.5%	
Children in poverty	40%		37-43%	13%	24%	
Inadequate social support	28%		25-32%	14%	25%	
Children in single-parent households	38%		37-40%	20%	31%	
Violent crime	535			64	441	
Injury deaths	56		54-59	49	48	
Physical Environm	ent					43
Air pollution - particulate matter	9.6			9.5	9-3	
Drinking water violations	4%			o%	2%	
Severe housing problems	28%		28-29%	9%	28%	
Driving alone to work	77%		76-77%	71%	73%	
Long commute - driving alone	22%		21-23%	15%	37%	

### Fresno County Health Status Indicators

		2010-2012						AGE-ADJUSTEL	DEATH RATE
RANK		DEATHS	CRUDE	AGE-ADJUSTED	95% CONFID	ENCE LIMITS	NATIONAL	CALIFORNIA	COUNTY
ORDER	HEALTH STATUS INDICATOR	(AVERAGE)	DEATH RATE	DEATH RATE	LOWER	UPPER	OBJECTIVE	CURRENT	PREVIOUS
37	ALL CAUSES	6,133.0	652.9	734.6	716.0	753.3	a	641.5	771.5
22	ALL CANCERS					/55·5 158.1	160.6		
	COLORECTAL CANCER	1,227.3	130.7 11.8	149.6	141.1			153.3	160.3
29	LUNG CANCER	111.0		13.5	10.9	16.0	14.5	14.2	13.8
27	FEMALE BREAST CANCER	283.7 86.0	30.2	35.3	31.1	39.5	45.5	34.8	39.2 20.8
20 16	PROSTATE CANCER		18.3	19.0	15.2	23.5	20.6	20.9	
		59.3	12.6	18.2	13.8	23.4	21,2	20.5	21.2
55	DIABETES	235.3	25.1	28.8	25.1	32.5	b	20.4	29.2
42	ALZHEIMER'S DISEASE	281.0	29.9	33.9	29.9	37.9	a	30.5	29.6
44	CORONARY HEART DISEASE	949.3	101.1	114.8	107.5	122.2	100.8	106.2	131.7
44	CEREBROVASCULAR DISEASE (STROKE)	364.0	38.8	44.7	40.0	49.3	33.8	36.6	50.0
54	INFLUENZA/PNEUMONIA	180.0	19.2	21.5	18.4	24.7	a	16.1	23.9
22	CHRONIC LOWER RESPIRATORY DISEASE	284.0	30.2	35⋅7	31.5	39.9	a	36.2	40.4
44	CHRONIC LIVER DISEASE AND CIRRHOSIS	131.0	13.9	15.1	12.5	17.7	8.2	11.5	13.1
28	ACCIDENTS (UNINTENTIONAL INJURIES)	317.7	33.8	36.0	31.9	40.0	36.0	27.3	41.5
33	MOTOR VEHICLE TRAFFIC CRASHES	112.7	12.0	12.2	9.9	14.5	12.4	7.3	16.1
7	SUICIDE	76.o	8.1	8.4	6.6	10.5	10.2	10.1	8.8
50	HOMICIDE	74.7	7.9	7.9	6.2	9.9	5.5	5.2	7.7
27	FIREARM-RELATED DEATHS	87.7	9.3	9.3	7.4	11.4	9.2	7.7	9.6
16	DRUG-INDUCED DEATHS	92.0	9.8	10.4	8.4	12.8	11.3	10.8	12.6
			MORBII	NITV					
		2010-2012	WORDI	5111				CRUDE CA	ASE RATE
RANK		CASES	CRUDE		95% CONFID	ENCE LIMITS	NATIONAL	CALIFORNIA	COUNTY
ORDER	HEALTH STATUS INDICATOR	(AVERAGE)	CASE RATE		LOWER	UPPER	OBJECTIVE	CURRENT	PREVIOUS
0112211		(-1.2)					,		
54	AIDS INCIDENCE (AGE 13 AND OVER)	63.0	8.5		6.5	10.9	12.4	8.6	11.9
57	CHLAMYDIA INCIDENCE	6,081.0	647.4		631.1	663.7	C C	434.5	597.9
57 57	GONORRHEA INCIDENCE FEMALE AGE 15-44	634.3	319.4		294.6	344.3	251.9	139.6	224.0
53	GONORRHEA INCIDENCE MALE AGE 15-44	460.0	221.5		201.3	241.8	194.8	186.6	168.2
42	TUBERCULOSIS INCIDENCE	45.0	4.8		3.5	6.4	1.0	6.1	6.6
4-2	TOBERCOLOGIS II VEIBEIVEE	45.0	4.0		3.3	0.4	1.0	0.1	0.0
			INFANT MO	RTALITY					
			BIRTH						
		2009-2011	COHORT	(BC)				BC INFANT D	DEATH RATE
RANK		DEATHS	INFANT		95% CONFID	ENCE LIMITS	NATIONAL	CALIFORNIA	COUNTY
ORDER	HEALTH STATUS INDICATOR	(AVERAGE)	DEATH RATE		LOWER	UPPER	OBJECTIVE	CURRENT	PREVIOUS
	INFANT MORTALITY: ALL RACES		7.0			8 2	6 -	4.6	6-
52 48	INFANT MORTALITY: ALL RACES INFANT MORTALITY: ASIAN/PI	113.0	7.0		5.7	8.2	6.0	4.9	6.3 6.6*
48	INFANT MORTALITY: ASIAN/PI INFANT MORTALITY: BLACK	9.3	5.4 *		2.5	10.2	6.0	3.9	
53		15.7	18.5 *		10.5	30.3	6.0	10.1	15.3*
50	INFANT MORTALITY: HISPANIC	61.0	6.3		4.8	8.1	6.0	4.7	6.1
44	INFANT MORTALITY: WHITE	21.0	6.2		3.9	9.5	6.0	4.1	4.6*

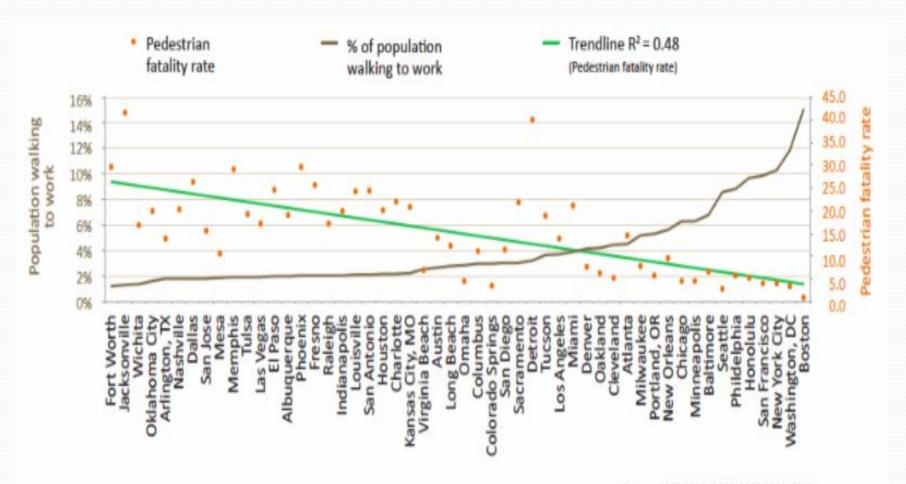
### Fresno County Health Status Indicators

RANK		BIRTHS		95% CONFIDE	ENCE LIMITS	NATIONAL	CALIFORNIA	COUNTY
ORDER	HEALTH STATUS INDICATOR	(AVERAGE)	PERCENT	LOWER	UPPER	OBJECTIVE	CURRENT	PREVIOUS
56	LOW BIRTHWEIGHT INFANTS	1,242.0	7.7	7.3	8.1	7.8	6.8	7.5
6	FIRST TRIMESTER PRENATAL CARE	13,438.0	88.3	86.8	89.8	77.9	83.6	87.8
1	ADEQUATE/ADEQUATE PLUS PRENATAL CARE	13,139.3	89.6	88.1	91.1	77.6	79.5	84.9
		2010-2012					AGE-SPECIFIC	
RANK		BIRTHS	AGE-SPECIFIC	95% CONFIDE		NATIONAL	CALIFORNIA	COUNTY
ORDER	HEALTH STATUS INDICATOR	(AVERAGE)	BIRTH RATE	LOWER	UPPER	OBJECTIVE	CURRENT	PREVIOUS
52	BIRTHS TO MOTHERS AGED 15-19	1,834.7	46.4	44.3	48.6	a	28.3	56.7
			BREASTFEEDING				DEDGE	TT A CE
DANII		2010-2012		0/ GOVERN	NICE LINGE	NATIONAL	PERCEN	
RANK	VID A VIDA A DEL DE VIDA DE LA DESCRIPCIÓN DE LA DESCRIPCIÓN DE LA DEL DE VIDA DE LA DEL DE VIDA DE LA DEL DE VIDA DE	BIRTHS	222 CEV VII	95% CONFIDE		NATIONAL	CALIFORNIA	COUNTY
ORDER	HEALTH STATUS INDICATOR	(AVERAGE)	PERCENT	LOWER	UPPER	OBJECTIVE	CURRENT	PREVIOUS
	DDE ACTEFEDING INITIATION		0	0	0	0		
56	BREASTFEEDING INITIATION	11,940	83.2	81.7	84.7	81.9	91.6	d
			CENICLIC					
DANIZ			CENSUS	0/ CONFIDE	NCE LIMITO	NATIONAL	DEDCE	ITA CE
RANK	LIEALTH CTATUS INDICATOR	2011 NII IMPED		95% CONFIDE		NATIONAL	PERCEN	
RANK Order	HEALTH STATUS INDICATOR	2011 NUMBER	CENSUS PERCENT	95% CONFIDE LOWER	ENCE LIMITS UPPER	NATIONAL OBJECTIVE	CALIFORNIA	COUNTY
ORDER		NUMBER	PERCENT	LOWER	UPPER	OBJECTIVE	CALIFORNIA CURRENT	COUNTY PREVIOUS
	HEALTH STATUS INDICATOR PERSONS UNDER 18 IN POVERTY						CALIFORNIA	COUNTY

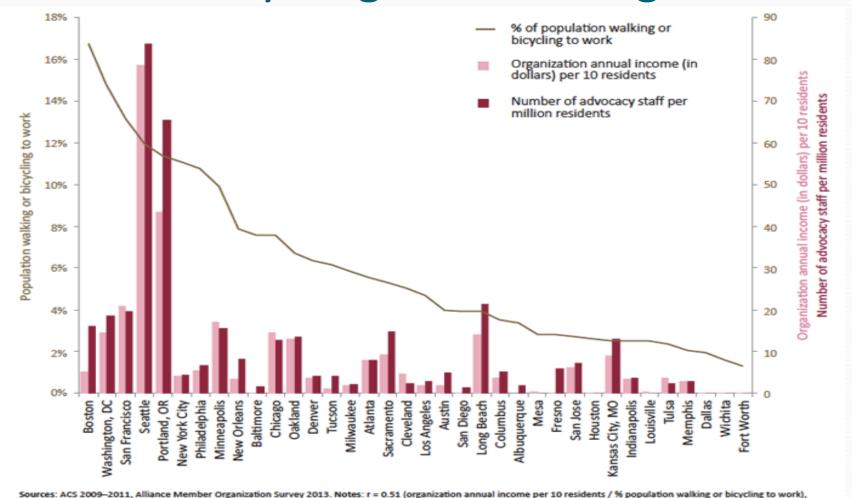




# Comparing Walking to Work and Pedestrian Fatality Rates in Large Cities



# Comparing Advocacy Capacity with Levels of Bicycling and Walking to Work



r = 0.49 (organization staffing per million residents / % population walking or bicycling to work)

### Health Co-Benefits Research

- 2009 London Study: estimated the health impacts of alternative strategies for reducing carbon dioxide emissions from transport.
  - Lower carbon driving: Lower carbon emission motor vehicles/fuels
  - Increased active travel: Replacing urban car and motorcycle trips with walking or bicycling
- Shift from 10 to 30 minutes/day of walking and bicycling:
  - **▶** 19% Cardiovascular Disease
  - **▶**15% Diabetes
  - **▶** 13% Breast Cancer
  - **♦** 8% Dementia



Dr. James Woodcock

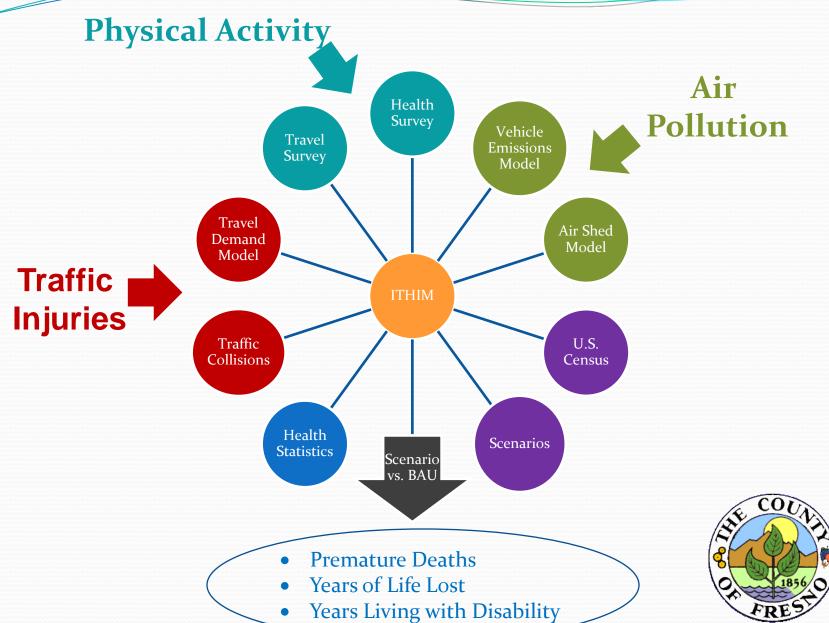
Source: Woodcock J, Edwards P, Tonne C, Armstrong BG, Ashiru O, Banister D, et al. Public health benefits of strategies to reduce greenhouse-gas emissions: urban land transport. The Lancet 2009;374:1930-1943.

Department of Public Health www.fcdph.org





#### The Model Integrates Bay Area Data on Health and Travel



### Summary of Bay Area Findings

A shift in active transport from a median of 4.4 to 22 minutes/day (2% to 15% mode share):

- Disease reductions

  - **♦** 5% of breast and colon cancer
  - Major public health impact
    - Adds about 9.5 months of life expectancy
    - \$1.4 to \$22 billion annual Bay Area health cost savings





### Summary of Bay Area Findings

- Injuries
  - ↑ 19% of injuries to pedestrian and bicyclists
- Physical activity accounts for almost all the health benefits;
   air pollution < 1%</li>
- ~15% reductions in CO<sub>2</sub> emissions
- Low carbon driving is not as important as physical activity for generating health co-benefits
- ★ Together, low carbon driving and active transport can achieve California's carbon reduction goals and optimize the health of the population

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